

Key Characters

- Ahaz He became king of Judah after his father Jotham. He reigned 16 years.
- Pekah King of Israel.
- Rezin King of Syria.
- **Tiglath-pileser** King of the Assyrian Empire.

Where

- The capital of Judah was Jerusalem. Jerusalem was home to the Temple of God.
- Ahaz travelled to Damascus to meet Tiglath-pileser.

When

- The reign of King Ahaz probably fits somewhere between 745-725 B.C.
- He reigned over Judah for 16 years.



Outline

- AHAZ'S REIGN IN JUDAH (16:1-9):

- + Ahaz, the son of Jotham, became king of Judah at 20 years old.
- + He "did not do what was right in the eyes of the Lord." He was like the kings of Israel.
- + He even participated in the pagan practice of sacrificing his children. This was a Canaanite practice and done in honor of the god Molech (2 Kings 23:10).
- + The king of Syria and the king of Israel allied together and besieged Jerusalem but weren't able to conquer it.
- + Ahaz sent a messenger to Tiglath-pileser, king of Assyria, asking for aid. He sent the messenger with a gift of gold and silver, much of which had been taken from the Temple in Jerusalem.
- + Tiglath-pileser agreed to help. He sent an army to Damascus, defeated the Syrians, and killed Rezin.

- AHAZ DISRESPECTS THE TEMPLE (16:10-18):

- + When Ahaz went to Damascus to meet Tiglath-pileser, he saw an altar that he really admired.
- + He sent a detailed description back to Jerusalem and ordered Uriah the priest to recreate it.
- + When the king returned, he replaced God's altar in the Temple with his new altar.
- + Ahaz also took apart and redesigned the large bronze basin which held water for the priests to wash. In other words, he rejected God's design for the Temple and made it his own.

- THE DEATH OF AHAZ (16:19-20):

- + Ahaz died after ruling over Judah for 16 years.
- + He was replaced by his son Hezekiah.

APPLICATION:

