



## OUTLINE

- VOWS TO THE LORD (30:1-16):

- + If a man made a vow to the Lord, he was required to keep his word.
- + If a woman who lived in her father's house vowed a vow, her father could oppose her vow and negate it if he didn't agree with it.
- + If the father didn't immediately negate the vow, the women was required to keep her word.
- + If a man married a woman who was under a vow, he could void the vow if he disagreed with it.
- + If a woman made a vow while married, her husband could void the vow if he believed it to be unwise.
- + A father or husband was only allowed to void a vow when they first learned about it. If they learned about it but didn't oppose it immediately, they were not allowed to void it in the future.

## APPLICATION

- Giving our word, vows, and promises are serious things in God's eyes.
- It's easy to adopt the common view that words aren't meaningful, and a promise can be broken if it inconveniences us.
- But God, Jesus, and the Holy Spirit have always emphasized the importance of our words.
- In Psalm 15:4, the psalmist writes that God honors those who keep their word even when it costs them.